

Application Note

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DC Motor – 2 outputs version
– XOR version TPU Function
Set (DCm2Xor)

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Functional Overview

The DC Motor – 2 outputs version – XOR version (DCm2Xor) TPU function is a version of the DC Motor – 2 output version (DCm2) function that uses two TPU channels to generate one PWM output channel. The TPU channel outputs are connected to an XOR gate whose output is the required PWM signal. See [Figure 1](#). An advantage of this solution is that the full range (0% to 100%) of PWM duty-cycle ratios is available. There is no *MPW* (minimum pulse width) parameter to limit the edge duty-cycle ratios in this version, as opposed to the DCm2. A disadvantage is that the number of assigned TPU channels is doubled.

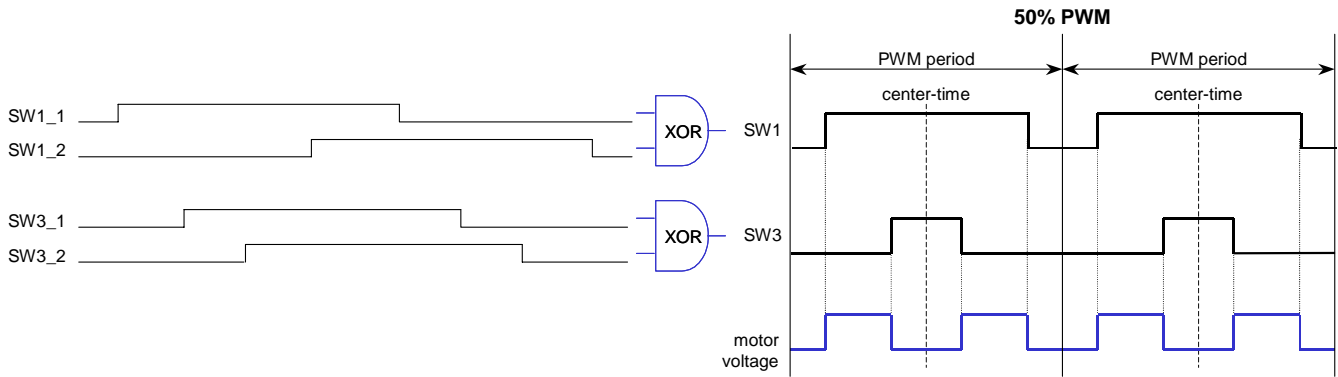


Figure 1. Functionality of XOR version – illustration

The DCm2Xor TPU functions, unlike the DCmXor, generates only the top channel signal of each PWM pair. The bottom channel signal can be derived from the top channel signal by external hardware.

The function set consists of 5 TPU functions:

- DC Motor – 2 outputs version – XOR version – C channels (DCm2Xor_C)
- DC Motor – 2 outputs version – XOR version – T channels (DCm2Xor_T)
- Synchronization Signal for DC Motor – 2 outputs version – XOR version (DCm2Xor_sync)
- Resolver Reference Signal for DC Motor – 2 outputs version – XOR version (DCm2Xor_res)
- Fault Input for DC Motor – 2 outputs version – XOR version (DCm2Xor_fault)

The DCm2Xor TPU function set drives a DC Motor, independently of the CPU. The CPU is only required to set a duty-cycle (*dc*) parameter in the range $(-1, 1)$, which determines both the speed and the direction. The function generates unipolar-switched center-aligned PWM signals.

The DCm2Xor_C and DCm2Xor_T TPU functions work together to generate 2 pairs of XOR gate inputs. The XOR gate outputs then produce a 2-channel 2-phase center-aligned PWM signal. The Synchronization Signal for the DCm2Xor function can be used to generate one or more adjustable signals for a wide range of uses. These signals are synchronized to the PWM, and track changes in the PWM period. The Resolver Reference Signal for the DCm2Xor function can be used to generate one or more 50% duty-cycle adjustable signals that are also synchronized to the PWM. The Fault Input for the DCm2Xor function is a TPU input function that sets all PWM outputs low when the input signal goes low.

Function Set Configuration

None of the TPU functions in the DC Motor – 2 outputs version – XOR version TPU function set can be used separately. The DCm2Xor_C and DCm2Xor_T functions have to be used together. The DCm2Xor_C runs on pins SW1_1 and SW3_1 – see [Figure 1](#). The DCm2Xor_T runs on the other pins. One or more channels running Synchronization Signal for DCm2Xor as well as Resolver Reference Signals for DCm2Xor functions can be added. They can run with different settings on each channel. The function Fault Input for DCm2Xor can also be added. It is recommended to use it on channel 15, and to set the hardware option that disables all TPU output pins when the channel 15 input signal is low (DTPU bit = 1). This ensures that the hardware reacts quickly to a pin fault state. Note that it is not only the PWM channels, but all TPU output channels, including the synchronization signals, that are disabled in this configuration.

[Table 1](#) shows the configuration options and restrictions.

Table 1. DCm2Xor TPU function set configuration options and restrictions

TPU function	Optional/ Mandatory	How many channels	Assignable channels
DCm2Xor_C	mandatory	2	any 2 channels
DCm2Xor_T	mandatory	2	any 2 channels
DCm2Xor_sync	optional	1 or more	any channels
DCm2Xor_res	optional	1 or more	any channels
DCm2Xor_fault	optional	1	any, recommended is 15 and DTPU bit set

Table 2 shows an example of configuration.

Table 2. Example of configuration

Channel	TPU function	Priority
0	DCm2Xor_C	high
1	DCm2Xor_T	high
2	DCm2Xor_C	high
3	DCm2Xor_T	high
10	DCm2Xor_sync	low
11	DCm2Xor_res	low
15	DCm2Xor_fault	high

Table 3 shows the TPU function code sizes.

Table 3. TPU function code sizes

TPU function	Code size
DCm2Xor_C	78 μ instructions + 8 entries = 68 long words
DCm2Xor_T	3 μ instructions + 8 entries = 11 long words
DCm2Xor_sync	26 μ instructions + 8 entries = 34 long words
DCm2Xor_res	38 μ instructions + 8 entries = 46 long words
DCm2Xor_fault	9 μ instructions + 8 entries = 17 long words

Configuration Order

The CPU configures the TPU as follows.

1. Disables the channels by clearing the two channel priority bits on each channel used (not necessary after reset).
2. Selects the channel functions on all used channels by writing the function numbers to the channel function select bits.

3. Initializes function parameters. The parameters *T* and *sync_presc_addr* must be set before initialization. If a DCm2Xor_sync channel or a DCm2Xor_res channel is used, then its parameters must also be set before initialization.
4. Issues an HSR (Host Service Request) type %10 to one of the DCm2Xor_C channels to initialize all DCm2Xor_C and DCm2Xor_T channels. Issues an HSR type %10 to the DCm2Xor_sync channels, DCm2Xor_res channels and DCm2Xor_fault channel, if used.
5. Enables servicing by assigning high, middle or low priority to the channel priority bits. All DCm2Xor_C and DCm2Xor_T channels must be assigned the same priority to ensure correct operation. The CPU must ensure that the DCm2Xor_sync or DCm2Xor_res function is initialized after the initialization of DCm2Xor:
 - assign a priority to the DCm2Xor_C and DCm2Xor_T channels to enable their initialization
 - if a Synchronization Signal or a Resolver Reference Signal channel is used, wait until the HSR bits are cleared to indicate that initialization of the DCm2Xor_C and DCm2Xor_T channels has completed and
 - assign a priority to the DCm2Xor_sync or DCm2Xor_res channel to enable its initialization

NOTE: *A CPU routine that configures the TPU can be generated automatically using the MPC500_Quick_Start Graphical Configuration Tool.*

Detailed Function Description

DC Motor – 2 outputs version – XOR version – C channels (DCm2Xor_C) and DC Motor – 2 outputs version – XOR version – T channels (DCm2Xor_T)

The DCm2Xor_C and DCm2Xor_T TPU functions work together to generate 2 pairs of XOR gate inputs. The XOR gate outputs then produce a 2-channel 2-phase center-aligned PWM signal. Unlike the DCmXor, the generated signals are not top-bottom complementary pairs with dead-times but only top-like signals without dead-times. In order to charge the bootstrap transistors, the PWM signals start to run 1.6ms after their initialization (at 20MHz TCR1 clock). The functions generate signals corresponding to a value 0 in duty-cycle ratio *dc* until the first *dc* value is processed, or for at least for one PWM period.

The CPU controls the PWM output by setting the TPU parameters. The duty-cycle ratio *dc* and PWM period *T* can be adjusted during run time. The duty-cycle ratio *dc* can gain a value in the range (–1, 1). The sign controls the motion system direction, while the absolute value controls the amplitude of the applied voltage.

The following figures show the input *dc* value and corresponding XOR gate outputs:

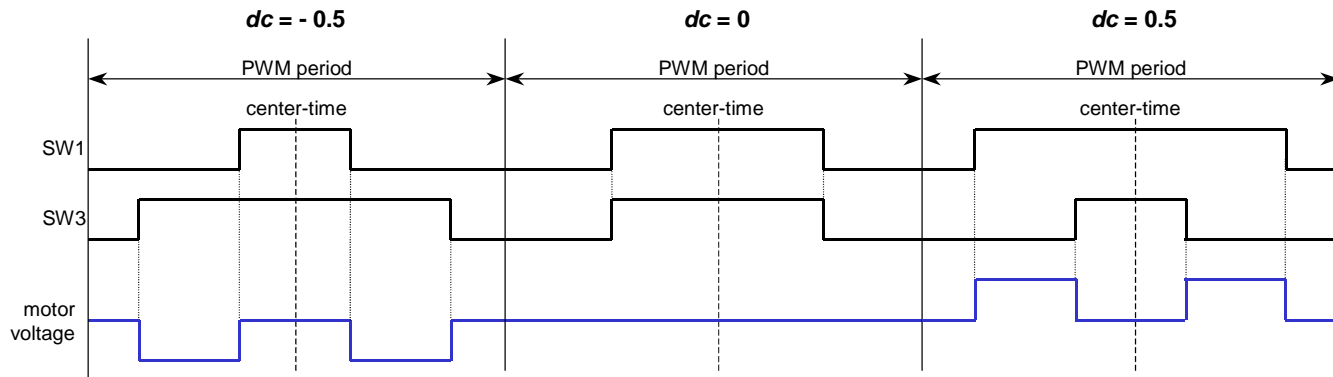


Figure 2. Unipolar switching

The following equations describe how the PWM signal transition times $SW1_{1T}$, $SW1_{2T}$, $SW3_{1T}$ and $SW3_{2T}$ are calculated:

$$Tdc = T \cdot dc$$

$$X = \frac{T + Tdc}{4}$$

$$Y = \frac{T - Tdc}{4}$$

$$SW1_{1T} = center_time - X$$

$$SW1_{2T} = center_time + X$$

$$SW3_{1T} = center_time - Y$$

$$SW3_{2T} = center_time + Y$$

Host Interface

- Written By CPU
- Written by both CPU and TPU
- Written By TPU
- Not Used

Table 4. DCm2Xor_C Control Bits

Name	Options
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; width: 100px;"> 3210 </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center; margin-top: 5px;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 15px; height: 15px; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 15px; height: 15px; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 15px; height: 15px; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 15px; height: 15px;"></div> Channel Function Select </div>	DCm2Xor_C function number (Assigned during assembly the DPTRAM code from library TPU functions)

Table 4. DCm2Xor_C Control Bits

Name	Options
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 10px;"> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 20px;"> 10 </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 15px; margin: 2px;"></div> </div> Channel Priority </div>	00 – Channel Disabled 01 – Low Priority 10 – Middle Priority 11 – High Priority
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 10px;"> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 20px;"> 10 </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 15px; margin: 2px;"></div> </div> Host Service Bits (HSR) </div>	00 – No Host Service Request 01 – Not used 10 – Initialization 11 – Stop
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 10px;"> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 20px;"> 10 </div> <div style="background-color: #00FF00; width: 20px; height: 15px; margin: 2px;"></div> </div> Host Sequence Bits (HSQ) </div>	xx – Not used
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 10px;"> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 20px;"> 0 </div> <div style="background-color: #00FF00; width: 20px; height: 15px; margin: 2px;"></div> </div> Channel Interrupt Enable </div>	x – Not used
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 10px;"> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 20px;"> 0 </div> <div style="background-color: #00FF00; width: 20px; height: 15px; margin: 2px;"></div> </div> Channel Interrupt Status </div>	x – Not used

Table 5. DCm2Xor_T Control Bits

Name	Options
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 10px;"> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 40px;"> 3210 </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 40px; height: 15px; margin: 2px;"></div> </div> Channel Function Select </div>	DCm2Xor_T function number (Assigned during assembly the DPTRAM code from library TPU functions)
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 10px;"> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 20px;"> 10 </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 15px; margin: 2px;"></div> </div> Channel Priority </div>	00 – Channel Disabled 01 – Low Priority 10 – Middle Priority 11 – High Priority
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 10px;"> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 20px;"> 10 </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 15px; margin: 2px;"></div> </div> Host Service Bits (HSR) </div>	00 – No Host Service Request 01 – Not used 10 – Not used 11 – Not used
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 10px;"> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 20px;"> 10 </div> <div style="background-color: #00FF00; width: 20px; height: 15px; margin: 2px;"></div> </div> Host Sequence Bits (HSQ) </div>	xx – Not used
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 10px;"> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 20px;"> 0 </div> <div style="background-color: #00FF00; width: 20px; height: 15px; margin: 2px;"></div> </div> Channel Interrupt Enable </div>	x – Not used
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 10px;"> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 20px;"> 0 </div> <div style="background-color: #00FF00; width: 20px; height: 15px; margin: 2px;"></div> </div> Channel Interrupt Status </div>	x – Not used

Table 6. DCm2Xor_C and DCm2Xor_T Parameter RAM

Channel	Parameter	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
SW1_1	0	XY_X																
	1	SW13_2_ch_SW1																
	2	[Redacted]																
	3	other_ch_SW1																
	4	dc																
	5	T																
	6	[Redacted]																
	7	fault_pinstat																
SW1_2	0	Ttime_SW1_2																
	1	T_copy																
	2	[Redacted]																
	3	center_time																
	4	[Redacted]																
	5	CPU14																
	6	[Redacted]																
	7	[Redacted]																
SW3_1	0	XY_Y																
	1	SW13_2_ch_SW3																
	2	[Redacted]																
	3	other_ch_SW3																
	4	[Redacted]																
	5	sync_presc_addr																
	6	[Redacted]																
	7	[Redacted]																
SW3_2	0	Ttime_SW3_2																
	1	[Redacted]																
	2	[Redacted]																
	3	[Redacted]																
	4	[Redacted]																
	5	[Redacted]																
	6	[Redacted]																
	7	[Redacted]																

Table 7. DCm2Xor_C and DCm2Xor_T parameter description

Parameter	Format	Description
Parameters written by CPU		
dc	16-bit fractional	duty-cycle ratio in the range <-1,1)
T	16-bit unsigned integer	PWM period in number of TCR1 TPU cycles

Table 7. DCm2Xor_C and DCm2Xor_T parameter description

Parameter	Format	Description
CPU14	16-bit unsigned integer	Time of 14 IMB clocks in TCR1 clocks.
sync_presc_addr	8-bit unsigned integer	address of synchronization channel <i>prescaler</i> parameter: \$X4, where X is synchronization channel number. \$0 if no synchronization channel is used.
Parameters written by TPU		
fault_pinstate	0 or 1	If fault channel is used, state of fault pin: 0 ... low 1 ... high
Other parameters are just for TPU function inner use.		

Performance
Table 8. DCm2Xor_T State Statistics

State	Max IMB Clock Cycles	RAM Accesses by TPU
ST	2	1
SF	2	0

Table 9. DCm2Xor_C State Statistics

State	Max IMB Clock Cycles	RAM Accesses by TPU
INIT	50	10
STOP	52	1
C1	68	12
C2	10	4

Execution times do not include the time slot transition time (TST = 10 or 14 IMB clocks)

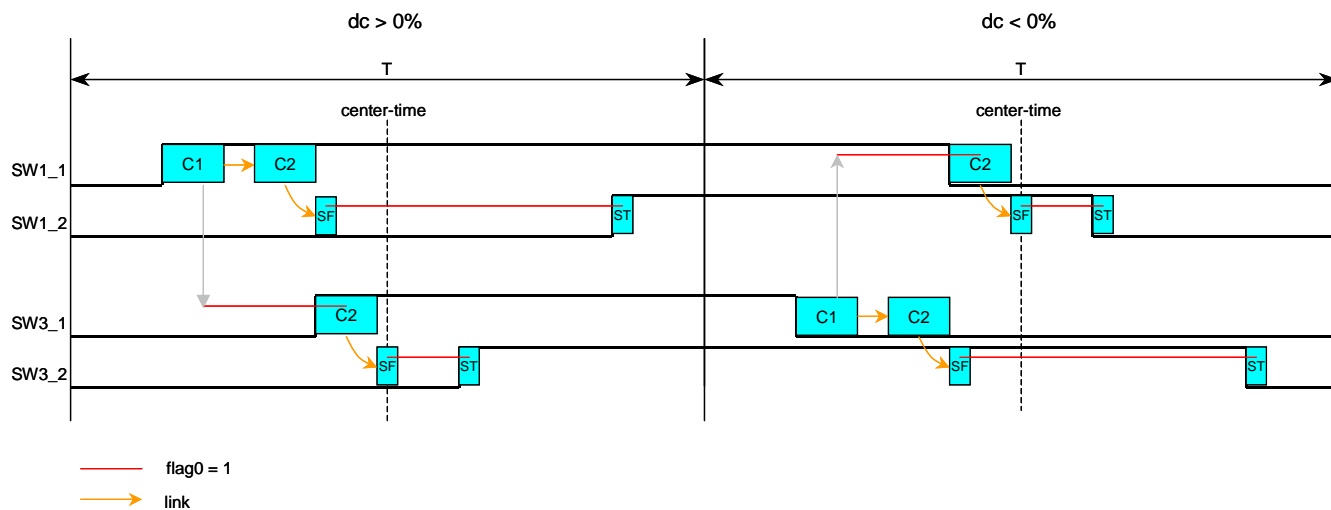


Figure 3. DCM2Xor_C and DCM2Xor_T timing

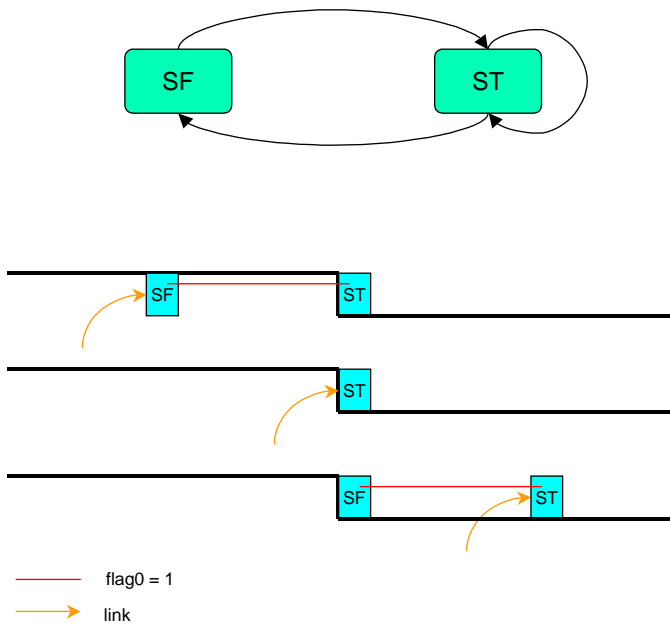


Figure 4. DCM2Xor_T state diagram and 3 cases of timing

NOTE: The timing of the link determines which case occurs.

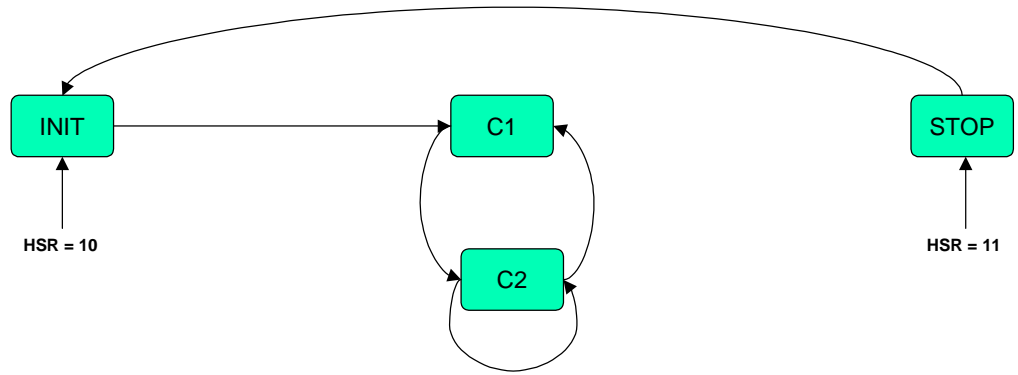


Figure 5. DCm2Xor_C state diagram

Synchronization signal for DC Motor – 2 outputs version – XOR version (DCm2Xor_sync)

The DCm2Xor_sync TPU function uses information obtained from DCm2Xor_C and DCm2Xor_T functions, the actual PWM center times and the PWM periods. This allows a signal to be generated, that tracks the changes in the PWM period and is always synchronized with the PWM. The synchronization signal is a positive pulse generated repeatedly after the *prescaler* or *presc_copy* PWM periods (see next paragraph). The low to high transition of the pulse can be adjusted by a parameter, either negative or positive, to go before or after the PWM period center time of a number of TCR1 TPU cycles. The pulse width *pw* is another synchronization signal parameter.

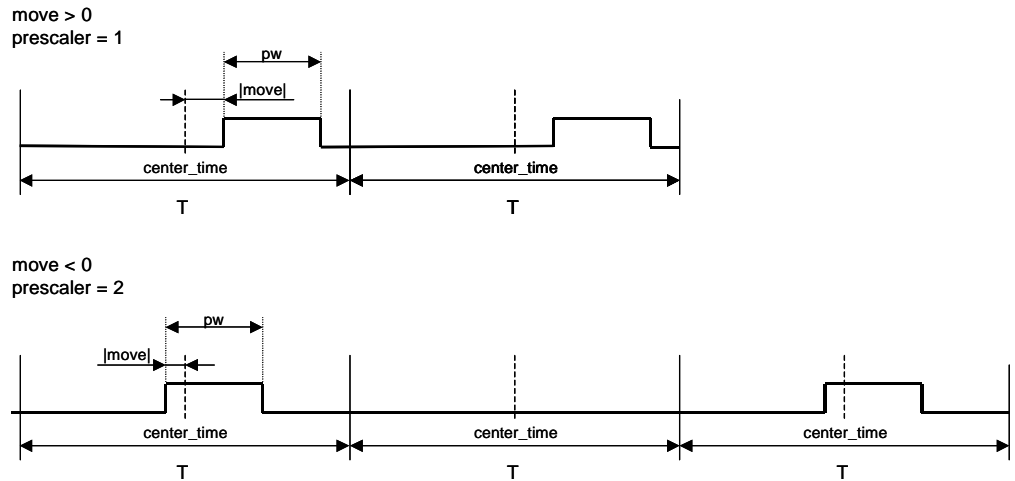


Figure 6. Synchronization signal adjustment examples

Synchronized Change of PWM Prescaler And Synchronization Signal Prescaler

The DCm2Xor_sync TPU function actually uses the *presc_copy* parameter instead of the *prescaler* parameter. The *prescaler* parameter holds the prescaler value that is copied to the *presc_copy* by the DCm2Xor_bottom function at the time of the PWM parameters reload. This ensures that new prescaler values for the PWM signals, as well as the synchronization signal, are applied at the same time. Write the synchronization signals *prescaler* parameter address to the *sync_presc_addr* parameter to enable this mechanism. Write 0 to disable it, and remember to set the synchronization signal *presc_copy* parameter instead of the *prescaler* parameter in this case.

Host Interface











 Written By CPU	 Written by both CPU and TPU
 Written By TPU	 Not Used

Table 10. DCm2Xor_sync Control Bits

Name	Options
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; width: 100px;"> 3210 </div>  Channel Function Select	DCm2Xor_sync function number (Assigned during assembly the DPTRAM code from library TPU functions)
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; width: 100px;"> 10 </div>  Channel Priority	00 – Channel Disabled 01 – Low Priority 10 – Middle Priority 11 – High Priority
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; width: 100px;"> 10 </div>  Host Service Bits (HSR)	00 – No Host Service Request 01 – Not used 10 – Initialization 11 – Not used
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; width: 100px;"> 10 </div>  Host Sequence Bits (HSQ)	xx – Not used
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; width: 100px;"> 0 </div>  Channel Interrupt Enable	0 – Channel Interrupt Disabled 1 – Channel Interrupt Enabled
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; width: 100px;"> 0 </div>  Channel Interrupt Status	0 – Interrupt Not Asserted 1 – Interrupt Asserted

TPU function DCm2Xor_sync generates an interrupt after each low to high transition.

Table 11. DCm2Xor_sync Parameter RAM

Channel	Parameter	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
Synchronization channel	0	move																
	1	pw																
	2	prescaler																
	3	presc_copy																
	4	time																
	5	dec																
	6	T_copy																
	7																	

Table 12. DCm2Xor_sync parameter description

Parameter	Format	Description
Parameters written by CPU		
move	16-bit signed integer	The number of TCR1 TPU cycles to forego (negative) or come after (positive) the PWM period center time
pw	16-bit unsigned integer	Synchronization pulse width in number of TCR1 TPU cycles.
prescaler	16-bit unsigned integer	The number of PWM periods per synchronization pulse – use in case of synchronized prescalers change
presc_copy	16-bit unsigned integer	The number of PWM periods per synchronization pulse – use in case of asynchronized prescalers change
Parameters written by TPU		
Other parameters are just for TPU function inner use.		

Performance

There is one limitation. The absolute value of parameter *move* has to be less than a quarter of the PWM period *T*.

$$|move| < \frac{T}{4}$$

Table 13. DCm2Xor_sync State Statistics

State	Max IMB Clock Cycles	RAM Accesses by TPU
INIT	12	5
S1	12	6
S2	8	3
S3	16	7

NOTE: Execution times do not include the time slot transition time ($TST = 10$ or 14 IMB clocks)

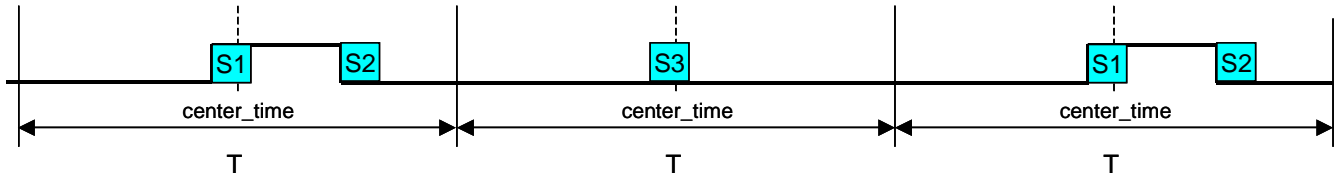


Figure 7. DCm2Xor_sync timing

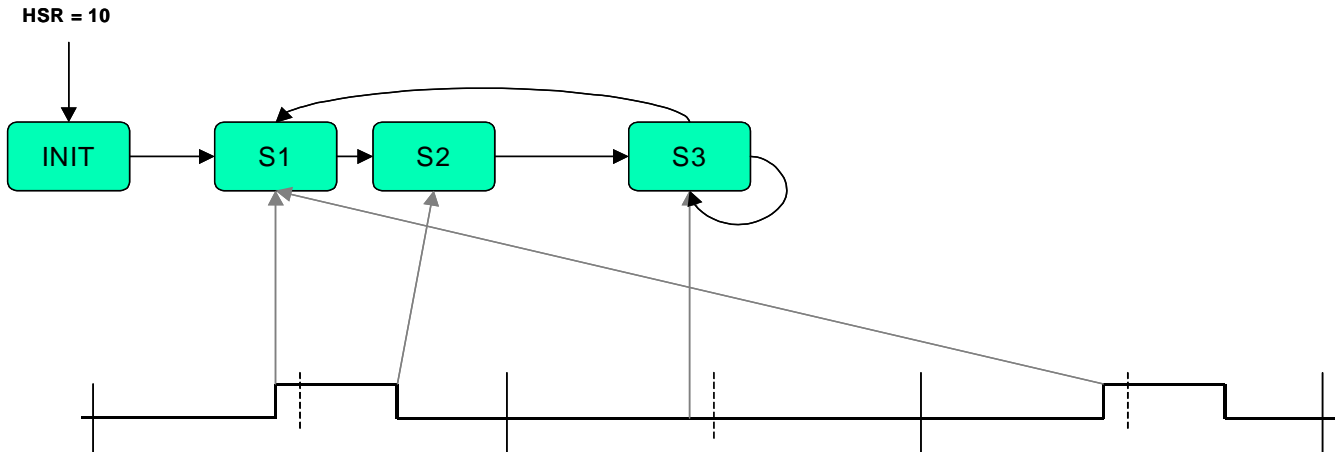


Figure 8. DCm2Xor_sync state diagram

Resolver Reference Signal for DC Motor – 2 outputs version – XOR version (DCm2Xor_res)

The DCm2Xor_res TPU function uses information read from the DCm2Xor_C and DCm2Xor_T functions, the actual PWM center times and the PWM periods. This allows a signal to be generated, which tracks the changes of the PWM period and is always synchronized with the PWM. The resolver reference signal is a 50% duty-cycle signal with a period equal to *prescaler* or

synchronization channel *presc_copy* PWM periods (see next paragraph). The low to high transition of the pulse can be adjusted by a parameter, either negative or positive, to go before or after the PWM period center time of a number of TCR1 TPU cycles.

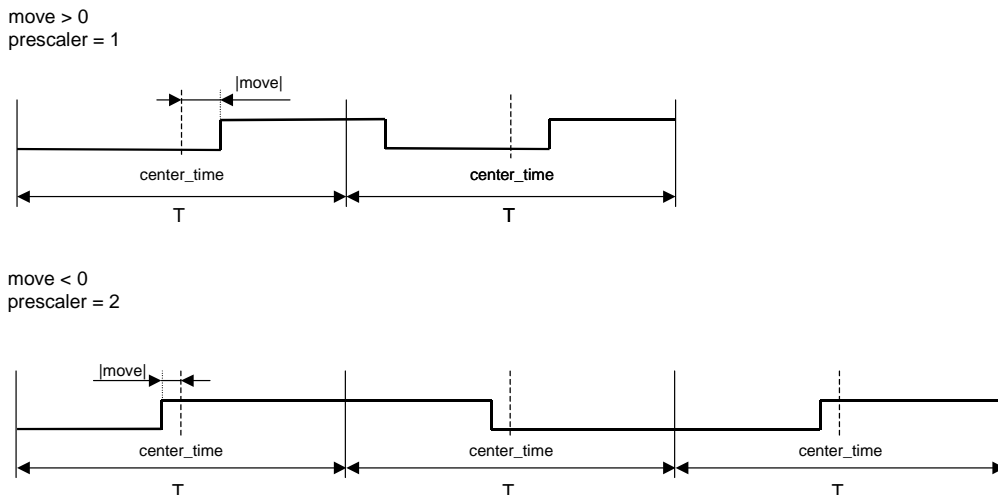


Figure 9. Resolver reference signal adjustment examples

Synchronized Change of PWM Prescaler And Resolver Reference Signals Prescaler

The DCm2Xor_res TPU function can inherit the Synchronization Signal prescaler that is synchronously changed with PWM prescaler. Write the synchronization signals *presc_copy* parameter address to the *presc_addr* parameter to enable this mechanism. Write 0 to disable it, and in this case set *prescaler* parameter to directly specify prescaler value.

Host Interface

- Written By CPU
- Written by both CPU and TPU
- Written By TPU
- Not Used

Table 14. DCm2Xor_res Control Bits

Name	Options
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> 3210 </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 15px; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 15px; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 15px; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 15px;"></div> </div> Channel Function Select	DCm2Xor_res function number (Assigned during assembly the DPTRAM code from library TPU functions)
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> 10 </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 15px; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 15px;"></div> </div> Channel Priority	00 – Channel Disabled 01 – Low Priority 10 – Middle Priority 11 – High Priority

Table 14. DCm2Xor_res Control Bits

Name	Options
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 10px;"> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; width: 20px;"> 10 </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 15px; margin: 2px;"></div> </div> <div>Host Service Bits (HSR)</div> </div>	00 – No Host Service Request 01 – Not used 10 – Initialization 11 – Not used
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 10px;"> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; width: 20px;"> 10 </div> <div style="background-color: red; width: 20px; height: 15px; margin: 2px;"></div> </div> <div>Host Sequence Bits (HSQ)</div> </div>	xx – Not used
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 10px;"> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; width: 20px;"> 0 </div> <div style="background-color: red; width: 20px; height: 15px; margin: 2px;"></div> </div> <div>Channel Interrupt Enable</div> </div>	x – Not used
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 10px;"> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; width: 20px;"> 0 </div> <div style="background-color: red; width: 20px; height: 15px; margin: 2px;"></div> </div> <div>Channel Interrupt Status</div> </div>	x – Not used

Table 15. DCm2Xor_res Parameter RAM

Channel	Parameter	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Resolver	0	move															
	1																
	2	presc_addr															
	3	prescaler															
	4																
	5																
	6																
	7																

Table 16. DCm2Xor_res parameter description

Parameter	Format	Description
Parameters written by CPU		
move	16-bit signed integer	The number of TCR1 TPU cycles to forego (negative) or come after (positive) the PWM period center time
presc_addr	16-bit unsigned integer	\$00X6, where X is a number of Synchronization Signal channel, to inherit Sync. channel prescaler or \$0000 to enable direct specification of prescaler value in prescaler parameter

Table 16. DCm2Xor_res parameter description

Parameter	Format	Description
prescaler	1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, ...	The number of PWM periods per synchronization pulse – use when apresc_addr = 0
Parameters written by TPU		
Other parameters are just for TPU function inner use.		

Performance

There is one limitation. The absolute value of parameter *move* has to be less than a quarter of the PWM period *T*.

$$|move| < \frac{T}{4}$$

Table 17. DCm2Xor_res State Statistics

State	Max IMB Clock Cycles	RAM Accesses by TPU
INIT	12	5
S1	26	9
S3	16	7

NOTE: Execution times do not include the time slot transition time ($TST = 10$ or 14 IMB clocks)

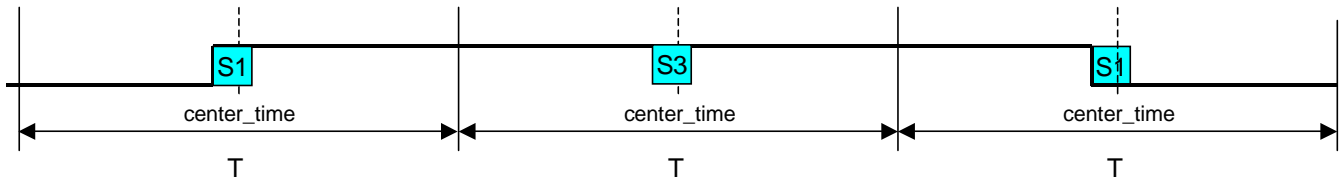


Figure 10. DCm2Xor_res timing

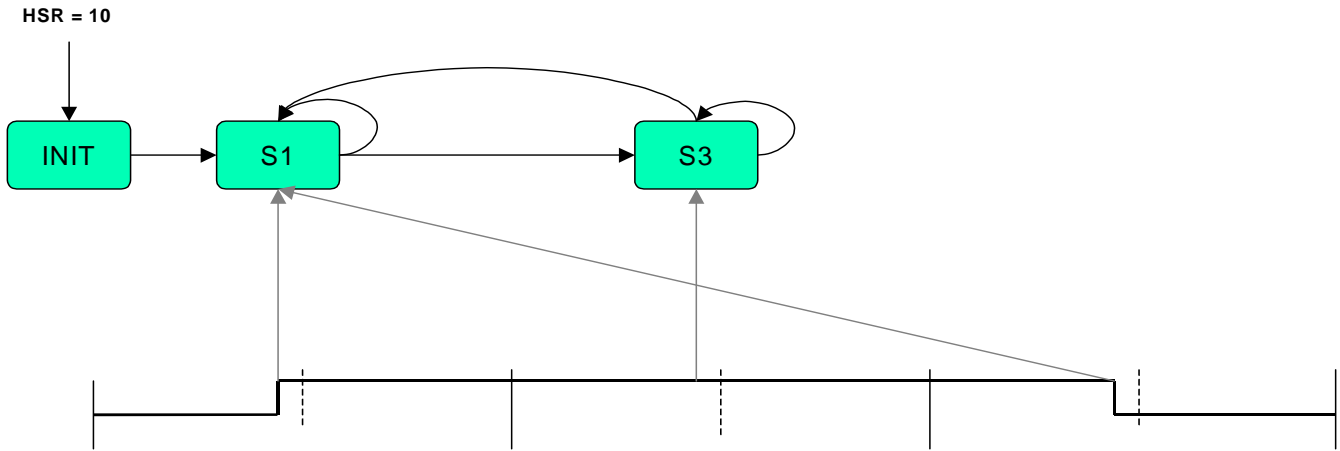


Figure 11. DCm2Xor_res state diagram

Fault Input for DC Motor – 2 outputs version – XOR version (DCm2Xor_fault)

The DCm2Xor_fault is an input TPU function that monitors the pin, and if a high to low transition occurs, immediately sets all PWM channels low and cancels all further transitions on them. The PWM channels, as well as the synchronization and resolver reference signal channels (if used), have to be initialized again to start them running.

The function returns the actual pinstate as a value of 0 (low) or 1 (high) in the parameter *fault_pinstate*. The parameter is placed on the SW1_1 channel to keep the fault channel parameter space free.

Host Interface

- Written By CPU
- Written by both CPU and TPU
- Written By TPU
- Not Used

Table 18. DCm2Xor_fault Control Bits

	Name	Options
3 2 1 0	Channel Function Select	DCm2Xor_fault function number (Assigned during assembly the DPTRAM code from library TPU functions)
□ □ □ □		
1 0	Channel Priority	00 – Channel Disabled 01 – Low Priority 10 – Middle Priority 11 – High Priority
□ □		

Table 18. DCm2Xor_fault Control Bits

Name		Options
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> 1 0 </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> </div>	Host Service Bits (HSR)	00 – No Host Service Request 01 – Not used 10 – Initialization 11 – Not used
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> 1 0 </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> </div>	Host Sequence Bits (HSQ)	xx – Not used
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> 0 </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <input type="checkbox"/> </div>	Channel Interrupt Enable	0 – Channel Interrupt Disabled 1 – Channel Interrupt Enabled
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> 0 </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> </div>	Channel Interrupt Status	0 – Interrupt Not Asserted 1 – Interrupt Asserted

TPU function DCm2Xor_fault generates an interrupt when a high to low transition appears.

Table 19. DCm2Xor_fault Parameter RAM

Channel	Parameter	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Fault input	0																
	1																
	2																
	3																
	4																
	5																
	6																
	7																

Table 20. DCm2Xor_fault parameter description

Parameter	Format	Description
Parameters written by TPU		
fault_pinstate	0 or 1	State of fault pin: 0 ... low 1 ... high

Performance

Table 21. DCm2Xor_fault State Statistics

State	Max IMB Clock Cycles	RAM Accesses by TPU
INIT	8	2
FAULT	58	2
NO_FAULT	4	1

NOTE: Execution times do not include the time slot transition time (TST = 10 or 14 IMB clocks)



Figure 12. DCm2Xor_fault timing

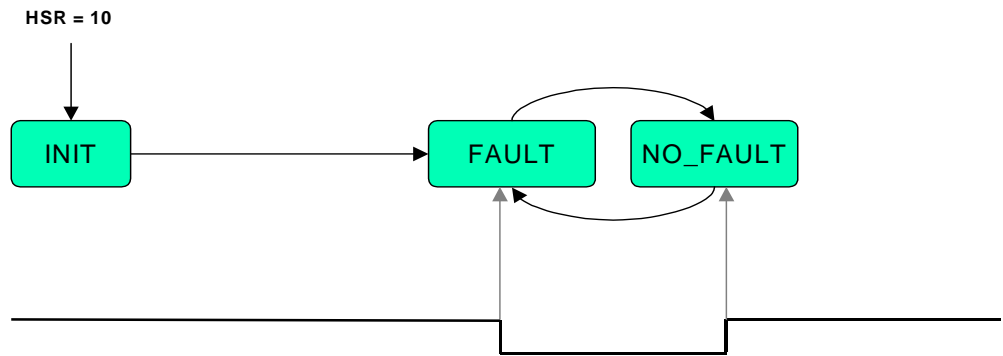


Figure 13. DCm2Xor_fault state diagram

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